The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME XLIII. MONDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1883—TEN PAGES. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

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Goblets, Engraved, Each ..... 7 Cents
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Fine English Decorated Tea Set, 56 Pieces 6.00
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THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

THE SPEAKERSHIP.

Randall's Room on the Wane, but His Admirers Not Abating.

Carlisle's Campaign Still Characterized by Beautiful Enthusiasm—Kerr-Stone's Position.

Talk of a Combination Against Randall—Kelle Unwilling to Talk About His Candidacy.

BANKRUPTCY OF BANKS.

Several Puzzling Questions Soon to Come Up Before the Supreme Court of Iowa.

BONDS AND CURRENCY.

The National Debt Being Extinguished at a Rapid Rate with Surplus Revenues.

Handling it a Contraction of National Bank Circulation of Sixty Millions Per Annum.

Beautiful Combination Suggested by the Controller of the Currency—Still Revenues a Great Subject.

MARITAL MISERY.

Shocking, Aged Respectively 63 and 58, Marry and Have a Parting Out.

HOUSE OF DEATH.

Another Old Man, Ex-Alderman Hoffman, Found Dead in His Bed.

Suspicion Pointed at His Wife and Her Paramour—Coroner's Inquest Developing Nothing.

Sensational Charges Against Two Prominent Citizens—Mysterious Letters Received by Them.

Mrs. Hoffman Arrested and Locked Up—Her Paramour Also Arrested.

Startling Developments Before the Coroner's Jury—Mrs. Hoffman Discharged.

Mrs. Hoffman Again Arrested and Locked Up—Her Paramour Also Arrested.

**Mrs. Hoffman Again Discharged—Her Paramour Also

THE INDIANS.

A War of Extermination to Be Waged Against the Apaches—An Interesting Agent.

NEW YORK.

The City Filled with Visitors to Witness the Celebration of Evacuation Day.

A Young Woman Outraged and Murdered Near Orange, N. J.—Her Employer's Husband.

An Englishman of Good Family Arrested for Bookkeeper—Political Chat with Senator Cox.

A DREADFUL DEED.

Three People Murdered and an Attempt Made to Burn Their Bodies.

A Fourth Victim, Badly Wounded, Escapes by Feigning Deathlike Stupor—Story of the Crime.

The Murderer Arrested and Fears Demonstrated that He Will Be Lynched by a Vigilance Committee.

WAR OF RACES.

Causes Which Led to the Massacre of Colored Men at Danville, Va.

The Methods Adopted by the Old Dominion Bourbons to Carry the Election.

An Unequaled Tale of Bloodshed and Subjugation of Citizens of the Commonwealth.

AN OUTER WALL.

Gov. Cameron, of Virginia, Determined to Suppress Illegal Dredging in the Potomac.

THE RAILROADS.

Gen. A. C. Stevens's Successor.

A Tow Line to Indiana.

Thurman Questioned Against the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.

Miscellaneous Items.

MATTERS AND THINGS.

A Declaration of Principles Submitted to the People in Seven Critical Points.

THE FIRE RECORD.

A Canadian Town Unfortunately Doomed to Destruction.

A Large Factory Destroyed.

Losses by the Pittsburg Glass Works Fire.

A Southern Queen.

FENIANISM.

Alexander Sullivan, Head Centre, Gives His Version of the Movement He Founded.

Denial of the Charges that the Order Is in Any Way Allied to Socialism.

Opposing Ireland's Cause at Stephen's Green to the English Army—His Position.

POLITICS.

A Boom in Favor of Gen. Sweet for Governor of Illinois.

Carter Harrison on the Opposition Candidate—Off Among the Politicians at Springfield.

The Contest for the Democratic Gubernatorial Nomination in Louisiana Growing Exciting.

STANDARD TIME.

The Remaining Chicago Roads Fall into Line Yesterday—Adoption of the New System Elsewhere.

WASHINGTON.

Secretary Foster Will Ask Congress to Consolidate Customs Districts.

A Bounty for the Enfranchisement of Women in Edinburgh, Mr. Carnegie Pardon.

Movement for the Interment of Gen. Grant, Dewey, and Father Chapelle Souls.

DEPARTMENTAL GOSSIP.

Some Votes from the Senate.

The Tribune.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY EDITION (MORNING PUBLICATION).

SUNDAY EDITION.

WEEKLY EDITION.

POSTAGE.

TRIBUNE BRANCH OFFICES.

ADVERTISING.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1885.

Rain and snow, followed by clearer, much colder weather.

CARDINAL JACOBINI gave a banquet in honor of the American Bishops at Rome yesterday.

SPECULATORS in the neighborhood of Wichita, Kan., have lost by the discovery of over 200 fraudulent entries on public lands.

THE Lake Presbyterian Church, of Englewood, was dedicated yesterday. The Rev. A. E. Kittredge preached the dedicatory sermon.

SECRETARY and Delegate adopted the new standard time at noon yesterday. All but two of the Chicago railroads have made the change.

THE glass factory of Thomas Evans & Co., at Pittsburg, Pa., was destroyed by fire on Saturday morning. The loss was $60,000. The insurance amounts to $40,000.

SIMON SILVER, charged with the murder of the King family near Delphos, O., was arrested yesterday. Dementia, an alleged accomplice, has also been arrested.

REPRESENTATIVE CLEMENTS, of Alabama, will introduce a bill early in the forthcoming session providing for a court of marriages in Utah and for the disfranchisement of women in the Territory.

SARAH ALTHEA HILL, the alleged Mrs. Sharon, who has been indicted for conspiracy and forgery by a San Francisco grand jury, William Sharon has been indicted as a co-conspirator for the same offenses.

SECRETARY FOLGER will recommend a consolidation of some of the customs districts, particularly in Maine and Florida. The present constitution, it is thought, would effect a saving of $100,000 annually.

THERE is little change to note in the membership situation. Baseball prizes as skilful management to-season; Carlisle's friends are enthusiastic; Cox is hopeful, and Spriggs confidently counts on his re-election.

THOMAS ALVA EDISON was assaulted and then murdered about ten years from his mother's cottage, near Otsego, N. J., Saturday evening. The police are on the track of the fiendish villians who committed the crime.

THOS. DAVIES reads the "Ode of American Peace," the theme of his discourse yesterday. Dr. Thomas continued his series of sermons on the "Four Great Contradictions to Christianity." Dr. Lorimer discoursed on "Thanksgiving."

MR. CHAPMAN, the attorney for Brown, Donald & Co., the Youngstown iron speculators, says there is no truth in the report that Mr. Herbert C. Ayer, of Chicago, is trying to secure the notes of Youngstown. Mr. Ayer is now in Europe.

A SYNDICATE of capitalists are largely dredging on the Sacramento River, Gov. Chamberlain, of Virginia, has determined to prevent the dredgers carrying out their purpose, and has ordered an artillery company from Petersburg to prevent serious riots.

A SUMMARY of the leading facts dealt with in the report of the Controller of the Currency and of his recommendations concerning essential legislation necessary through the contraction arising out of the decrease of the National debt is printed in another page of this issue.

THE TRIBUNE this morning is enabled to present to its readers the principal passages of Mr. Jason Rogers' history of the French Institutions, prepared for the Franconia Literary magazine, and compiled by the editor of that publication, but otherwise unpublished. Mr. Rogers, who was a member of the organization, makes valuable reference to the annals of the Royal authorities in reference to it, and in other verses on the Irish-American politicians who rendered the opposition to Austria possible for good. Many personal reminiscences are also given.

A GRAND military review was held at Madrid yesterday in honor of the German Crown Prince. About 15,000 soldiers participated in the review, which was witnessed by ex-Queen Isabella, Queen Christina, the foreign Ambassadors, and a large number of foreign celebrities.

FROM causes of misunderstanding between the French and English, growing out of Egyptian affairs, are reported. The Minister, it is said, a French naval war officer, giving serious headache Talavera, an accredited Ambassador here, killing quarrelling the British officers.

GEN. LEW WALLACE, the United States Minister to Turkey, suspicion of the action of the Governor at Ottis is not bringing to trial prisoners charged with assault on American missionaries. Unless the Governor has already set free the engineer they will be tried at Constantinople.

TIMES is the fifth anniversary of the establishment here of the Journal, the first Chicago newspaper which afterwards became merged in THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE. An account of the publication is to-day here and interviews concerning it and other events of early Chicago with Mrs. Calhoun, wife of the first editor, will be found elsewhere.

WALTER ARMS BARNUM, an English musical lecturer and pianist, was arraigned in a New York police court Saturday for stealing a revolver and an opera-glass from his second wife and pawning them. Bail now is in charge of $1,500 per annum, but was short when he appropriated the second man's goods. He cannot, he says, be here without them.

A DUBLIN Sunday newspaper has raised the somewhat improbable story that Dr. Mackey is endeavoring to promote a settlement of all differences between France and China because he fears that in case the latter nation should meet with any success a successful result would replace the Republic, and this the fortune Chamber thinks not desirable for France.

THE Common Council of Omaha held a special meeting Saturday night to give the Union Pacific Railroad leave to lay track over across Harney and Jones streets. The Mayor promptly signed the presiding ordinance, and the track was laid early yesterday morning, much to the disgust of the property-holders along the streets where the track was laid. The Common Council of Omaha is in danger of obtaining a reputation akin to that enjoyed by our own collection of municipal legislators.

AN east-bound train on the Southern Pacific was derailed thirteen miles east of Deming, N. M., Saturday evening by five coaches going over an embankment. The engineer, T. C. Webster, was killed, and the express-messenger was killed of from $500 to $1,000. The passengers, with the exception of a man who sustained with the others, were not seriously. No lost $100. A party from Deming is in pursuit of the robbers, who were provided with horses. Rewards have been offered for their apprehension.

THE BUSINESS SITUATION.

The general anxiety in regard to the industrial outlook is perhaps less pronounced than it was a week ago. The public begin to understand how low the stocks and prices of iron are. It is also to be taken into account that laborers have had a long period of prosperity, and the thrifty ones have laid up something against just such an emergency as this. Furthermore, it is by no means certain that there will be a widespread suspension or curtailment of operations at the mills. Some eastern seem to be insisting, with a strong preference in favor of continuing if possible. The fact that a gradual curtailment has been going on for several months makes it less probable that there is to be any serious and prolonged depression. The work depends on the condition of the market in the last month of the year, and in any case we must expect that the industry will move at a moderate pace for months. The conservative policy of manufacturers is commended chiefly by the comparatively small amount of railroad building, the demand for iron in other lines being still very good. It is doubtful if a great revival in the trade would be a blessing if it were soon brought a return of the error for railroad building. The markets for other manufactured goods have obtained some relief through the increase of imports, and some of these have reflected as much as the iron trade. It is the fact that the iron trade has always sanctioned the best index of the general industrial situation that gives it its great importance in the eye of the public.

The losses by untimely yields of wheat, corn, and cotton will be large in the aggregate, but they are widely distributed and cannot have the depressing effect that the action is unfavorable and less the last. They will hurt the capacity of the people to buy, and will have an adverse effect on the foreign trade. Cotton has shown considerable weakness in price of late, the decline due to the demonstration caused by the Bangs' failure and the uncertainty as to the crop of this season. Petroleum is commercially strong, but here the severest of the old-fact speculation in the last year or three when there was very little of it to other articles—has had another advance, and a battle of small speculators are tumbling on the brink of a financial collapse. It is a peculiarly dangerous commodity for the uninitiated to handle. Trade in articles of daily use of the season has been restored by the warm weather.

There is no expectation of an advance in stocks, based on the large investment demand for bonds. There are times when this would be a good argument, but this does not seem to be one of them. It is an investment and not a speculative spirit that prevails, and the purchases are made in a very discriminating way. The bonds are for the most part taken by a different class from those who make loans in the stock market. They are taken, too, on the sound principle that there is nothing much more secure than a good first mortgage. The district of stocks and interest bonds is hardly less than it was a year ago. Putting certain issues into railroad mortgages is one thing; stocking the shareholder is a bull is quite another. The stock market has, however, maintained a sensible steadiness for two or three weeks, and if we turn the 1st of January without a serious fall there may be a moderate advance.

There has never been a season of such stagnation in the money markets of the East. The rate for call loans has been as low as 1 per cent in New York almost every day since the season began, whereas it was frequently up to 6 last year. The surplus of the associated banks is over $30,000,000. A similar state of things exists in London, and the Continent has a great deal of capital which is idle because its owners do not dare to invest it. There have been two bank failures in this country the last week, and if such things continue capital will be more timid than ever. Political troubles are among the most potent adverse influences in Europe. They do not, however, affect us unfavorably. Indeed, a war between France and China would give a stimulus to some branches of our trade, such as foodstuffs and metals. This is the only special influence that appears to the horizon. The second issue will be due in their operations and the recovery may require years.

SLAUGHTER AROUND US AGAIN.

Dr. Matthew Arnold lectured on "Literature and Science" in the Dramatic Academy of Saint Martin-sur-Mer, and, as might be expected from so distinguished a professor of belles-lettres, he gave literature the higher place. He defended the study of the Greek language, and talked much that the chief feature of his lecture.

He maintained that the study of Greek "affords a mastery of thought and form," and that a thorough knowledge of that dead language is necessary to a comprehension of polite art. By a knowledge of Greek he meant:

The understanding of Greek art, the habits and life of a people from whom we derive physical and intellectual.

Interested he maintained that a knowledge of the mechanism of the language or accessory to enjoy to a thorough appreciation of that be acquired by "knowing Greek." He failed to say by how many days "a good knowledge" is obtainable, or to state on what grounds he would justify instruction in dead languages to the exclusion of valuable and attainable studies to any colleges. He failed also to meet the argument made by those who have raised "the outcry so strongly directed" against the study of the present time, that it is unnecessary, useless, and a waste of time, because in the English translations of the works of the Greek authors, poets, philosophers, historians, and dramatists we have all "the symmetry of thought" and also all the "perfection of detail" to be found in the original. The eighteen, six, twelve, and powerful English language, with continues the two characteristics of the Teutonic and Latin tongues, from which it mainly derived, enables the translator to express every shade of "symmetry of idea and thought," to give every "glimpse of beauty and grandeur" of the original. Some of the most noted writers of English have devoted themselves to these translations. There is not a line of Greek worth preserving that has not found an adequate translation in English. The most noted of Scotland authors have been translated to the most noted of English authors. But a few days ago we read Miss Pope's, Chapman's, Brandt's, and Lord Derby's translations of Homer. Whatever of knowledge of Greek art, Grecian life, Grecian times, and beauty is to be obtained by the perfect Greek scholar from the original can be obtained by the perfect English scholar from the translations. Then why will Dr. Arnold and the other champions of Greek insist on our youth spending a good third of their earliest life in wrestling together a complete mastering of the dead language when all that can be gained thereby can be acquired easily and delightfully through the medium of the translations? Do their Greek words, affidavit, articulation, and all the mechanism of the language in order to get at "the symmetry of idea and thought" of the original text is the same as if a man who wishes to go to New York from Chicago by rail would begin to lay track, construct engines and cars, when all that he would have to do would be to get a ticket and go?

Dr. Arnold did not notice the arguments urged so strongly by Mr. Adams, Dr. Harris, and those others who have raised the outcry against the disadvantages study that the ordinary student finds it impossible to attain anything like perfection in the study, and that the vast majority of those who are compelled to take it up in our colleges, at the expenditure of so much valuable time, are worse than useless. Dr. Arnold also failed to meet the argument made by those who have raised "the outcry so strongly directed" against the study at

FOREIGN.

A Shrewd, the Prime Premier, Stepping Sternly Toward Lower Egypt.

Earlier Movements on the Part of Prince and Chino-Ismaeli for Power.

Don Frederick William at Madrid—Lord Chief Justice Coleridge on American Jurisprudence.

[BY SUNDAY SERVICE.]

LONDON, Sun. 27.—[Special Cable Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.]—The news from Calcutta gives the feeling of peace even in Afghanistan that has been engendered by reports just received that the Prophet is rapidly overthrowing Lower Egypt. The Khedive's recent supreme effort to the Indians shows that he has determined to accept of overthrow by the Prophet. A coup component of the Khedive and 1,000 gendarmes is being rapidly dispersed to march out against the prophet.

[BY SUNDAY SERVICE.]

The movements of the regular to which Khedive Ismail has been operating give an opportunity for the rapid and unobstructive retreat, which we are considered worth noticing, though it is of course to be some time before full details of the battle of El Obeid are received and the complete of Arabian conquest are all. One of the officers attached to the Mahdi of a short time ago the University of Khedive to the after they have come to with a view of a victory by Hicks Pasha and the path of the Egyptian Prophet. Though the general effect of the Mahdi's victory is not known to be in doubt of the correctness of the latest accounts received of the Londonese defeat of the Egyptians.

[BY SUNDAY SERVICE.]

LONDON, Nov. 27.—The Khedive gave an audience to members of the Legislative Council and made an encouraging speech. A council of Ministers decided to send 1,000 gendarmes to Suakim. Troops are also to be sent from Khartoum and Dongola. The Khedive has issued a proclamation to the people, in which he says that the Mahdi is a false prophet. Troops are being hurried to the front. It is reported that the Khedive has determined to remain at Cairo and to direct the movements of the troops. Great excitement prevails in Egypt, and the native papers are full of enthusiastic remarks, and the name of the Mahdi is on everybody's lips. The Khedive has issued a proclamation to the people, in which he says that the Mahdi is a false prophet. Troops are being hurried to the front. It is reported that the Khedive has determined to remain at Cairo and to direct the movements of the troops. Great excitement prevails in Egypt, and the native papers are full of enthusiastic remarks, and the name of the Mahdi is on everybody's lips.

[BY SUNDAY SERVICE.]

TARIFF-REFORMERS.

Meeting at Cooper Institute—Patterson Outdoes Himself—The Democracy Must Fight for a Revenue Tariff.

Mr. DAVID A. WELLS Illustrates the Inequalities of the Present Tariff.

Henry Ward Beecher, Chairman of the Meeting, Puts the Audience in a Good Humor From the Start.

New York, Nov. 28.—A good-sized audience turned out for the settlement of the Democratic meeting at Cooper Institute last night, and an hour before school time it would have filled another such hall. It was a respectable and well-intelligent gathering, as was shown by the attention with which every word from first to last was heard and the heartiness with which the speeches of the orators were applauded. The meeting took on the air of bringing a belated presentation of the tariff question up the rear case to the great Democratic contest. The meeting took one new turn of Mr. G. G. Wells, the leading free-trade advocate of the East, and Mr. Henry Watterson was the chairman of the same cause in the West—the men who started the tariff discussion primarily given to the Democratic platform of 1884—were reported to those present as superb men. The declaration of Mr. Watterson that the Democracy must be the party of revenue and dare to be among was received with cheers, and the assertion of Henry Ward Beecher that the Democratic party could win in the most fundamental contest if it stood by economic principles evoked great applause.

The list of Vice-Presidents of the meeting contained the names of eminent men of both political parties. Each of them gentlemen had by writing committed himself to the objects of the meeting and expressed his willingness to have his name used. Among those were ex-President A. Harrison, Lloyd Phelps, ex-Secretary of State John Sherman, ex-Governor Gregg, of Texas, Prof. E. L. Godkin, Judge Charles A. Peabody, ex-Mayor W. R. Grace, David Dudley Field, Edward S. Jaffray, S. B. Chittenden, August Belmont, William Allen Butler, J. Hampden Dodd, ex-Attorney-General Charles S. Fairchild, Judge Miles Beach, ex-Governor of Connecticut Luzon Morris, Dr. John W. Kennedy, President F. A. P. Barnard, of Columbia College, the Rev. O. B. Frothingham, Mayor W. R. Wadham, Parke Godwin, Martin B. Brown, S. Wells Jones, John T. Agnew, Henry George, Marcus Martin, and a score of others of not much.

Mr. Everett P. Wheeler, President of the club, called the meeting to order, and after briefly stating the purpose of the conference named Mr. Beecher as presiding officer. The gentleman was greeted heartily as he took the chair.

MR. BEECHER'S OPENING.

Mr. Beecher began by reading from a English free-trade paper an editorial coinciding with the meeting because the Democratic party was in power. In reply Mr. Beecher pointed out to the people that for over a Republican, but elected their party time and time again. The people always voted as they pleased, and it was time for the Democratic party to take the lead in the settlement of good government and for the return of the power back of the people. This was attempted to be done through the great national parties. Mr. Beecher talked with his Republican party usually became intolerable; it represented the evils which he felt to be the most dangerous for the American people. Whereas that party should have free trade that it might be free to keep the right to be free. It was a duty, he said, to take advantage of the present Democratic victory to settle the question. [Laughter.] Mr. Beecher said that he had the most desire to liberate just many Republicans who were willing because Democrats vote for their ticket. That has not reason to be sorry. Twenty years ago many left the Democratic and joined the Republican party for common ends, and when those ends had been fulfilled they went back again into their old party relations. Mr. Beecher said he was bound to give religious influence to the present to set the Republican party right on the tariff matter, and he was bound to encourage the distribution of such facts and reasons as might to promote the true reform connected on the tariff with the Democratic party. [Applause.] Out of the canvass, if the men acted fully, the day a compromise, he should expect to build a working on this, he would say, "I am not a compromise enough to succeed. I know not to sacrifice my friends. I will just as certainly as I have an opportunity to stand and face every time. I am a simple citizen (applause); and if I am not entrenched to speak and vindicate as many compromise as I can in the days as a citizen."

MR. DAVID A. WELLS ADDRESS.

Mr. David A. Wells, the next speaker, began by saying that two ends are in political practice necessarily. The power of the state protection, to sell, tax to secure of the power of domestic commodities, to the people to their possession, and to collect taxes for the maintenance of the government. This, Mr. Wells stated, was custom and precedent, the right of experts for the years 1870 to bring with it of manufactures to [illegible] of imported [illegible] commodities, or $10,000,000 of the former to $20,000,000 of the latter, and to make up even this disparity it got only to the revenues to come to [illegible], and not [illegible] or unemployed exports. With the revenue [illegible] would come to [illegible] and the domestic producer was found to refuse to correspond with the home consumption.

OUR DUTIES HAVE NO EFFECT.

"Duties themselves," he said, "do not [illegible] on the South that, if the [illegible] country to the truth, and the people of the [illegible] are against the transport of gas and duties the last three years. Iron is being produced under such conditions in Alabama, Tennessee, and West Virginia that foreign competition is impossible, and the Secretary of Commerce is being flown out and abandoned, while manufacturing in Kentucky, owing to Tennessee, Alabama, and Louisiana, and a thousand other districts, is [illegible] to a stage of [illegible] activity and prosperity. [illegible] of a people beginning to [illegible] the most discouraging and [illegible] circumstances I have ever in that part of the world's experience is essential," the orator went on to declare that what he said was true of the most [illegible] parts, and that [illegible] of the [illegible] and [illegible] of the [illegible] of the [illegible] and [illegible] of the [illegible] and [illegible] of the [illegible] and

THE PULPIT.

Prof. Swing Points Out the Parallels Open to the Millions in These Years of Prosperity.

Rather It a General Exemplation Concerning the White Domain of Mind and Heart.

Sermon on the Political Lives of the Nation Eight Centuries Two Great Revolutions.

PROF. SWING.

Its Visions of Poverty.

Its Visions of Prosperity.

Great Contrasts—The Invisible Misery Pointed and the Gay Visible.

Its Visions of Prosperity.

Its Visions of Poverty.

Its Visions of Prosperity.

Its Visions of Poverty.

Its Visions of Prosperity.

Its Visions of Poverty

THE CITY.

PERSONAL.

Oliver Dead Byron is at the Tremont.

Maj. Jay D. Hamlen, of New York, is at the Palmer.

J. C. Varela, Chihuahua, Mexico, is at the Grand Pacific.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Le Due, of New Orleans, are at the Palmer.

Baroness Alice Zile Baldwin, of Russia, is at the Grand Pacific.

The Hon. R. Spence, of Liverpool, England, is at the Grand Pacific.

Leslie Sylvester, of the "Rocky Mountain Field" newspaper, is at the Sherman.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Gibb, of Richmond, Australia, are at the Sherman.

D. M. De Ong, A. Bevier, and A. F. Crawford, of Peoria, are at the Palmer.

D. T. Lesley, of New York, and J. A. Wells, of Boston, are at the Tremont.

D. McMillan, M. P., London, Canada, and Hugh A. Allan and H. Montague Allan, Montreal, Canada, are at the Grand Pacific.

The Hon. Spencer B. Clarke, J. Clark Jr., J. C. Harvard, George H. Graham, Vice-Consul at Jamaica (Queen's Colonies), and Governor Arthur, are at Revere, Ashl., are at the Grand Pacific.

TO-MORROW.

At the residence of the Calumet Club this evening there will be one of the features.

W. C. Camp & Elbert's Chicago Minstrels, corner of North Clark and Kinzie streets, will be formally opened this evening.

Maria D. Gardner, the old woman who performed a feat of navigation at Ogden Slip Bridge several days ago, died at the County Hospital early yesterday morning.

Hamlin will resume his entertainments at Bartley Hall this evening. He is fully aware of whether he has achieved a world-wide reputation, but is said that he can safely do the most out of everyone at his evening.

The Sixth Ward Board of the Irish National League has addressed yesterday to Mr. P. W. Dalton on the importance of supporting Parnell. The Seventh and Eighth Ward Boards was addressed by the President, Henry Brennan.

The work of repairing the State street bridge was resumed yesterday, and it will be open this morning to the public. Great inconvenience has experienced by the street-car and being allowed to cross it yesterday. It was necessary to the draw on the north side of the bridge was given enough for an ordinary sized vessel to pass through.

The accident which occurred Saturday night on the Michigan Central at Lake Station, Ind., was caused by a defective track on one of the coaches. Four persons were injured, but none of the Grand Pacific, who reported and should have been fatal. No cause to notify the company and was taken to his home. A number of the passengers left for the scene of the accident yesterday morning, and the track was soon cleared away.

CHARGES.

Detective Frost, of the St. Louis force, started for that city last night with Dan Scott, the old-time crook, who is wanted there for a big robbery and who escaped from the St. Louis Jail, with Ed Hayden, by sawing through a grate.

The police think they prevented a small burglar excursion early last evening when they arrested Harry Jones, colored, and W. S. Allen on the line of Fourteenth street. The men were armed with long stockings filled with sand and gravel.

Two fishermen found the body of a female floating in the water of the North Pier slip. The body was removed to the morgue pending its identification there, but probably to find its way into a pine coffin and a pauper's grave. Neither coroner's verdict. The body is that of a woman about 40 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches in height, and had been in the water for some time. It was dressed in a dark calico dress, and had evidently been in a rag factory. It was taken to the Morgue, and will be viewed by those who have missing friends.

L. P. Jones, a farmer of Jefferson, came to the city yesterday to sell a horse. A man who gave his name as Jacob Schoenstadt met him and offered to buy the animal, offering $150 for it. He said he had no money with him, but would go to a bank and get the money if Jones would drive down to the bank with him. Jones did so, and Schoenstadt went into the bank, and, coming out by another door, got away. Jones has not yet found him.

Jacob Kovacs, a Polish youth of 19, was beaten nearly to death yesterday morning by two of his countrymen, who had some old grudge against him. Their names are Andrew Gorecki and Jacob Wenck, and they are prisoners at the East Chicago Avenue Station awaiting the result of their victim's injuries. Kovacs attended a Polish dance at the corner of Fifth and Noble streets Saturday night, and became involved in a fight with Gorecki. They got about half a block from the scene of the dance when Gorecki struck Kovacs a heavy blow on the head with a club, which he had brought along for the purpose. Kovacs fell to the ground unconscious, and Gorecki and Wenck kicked him in the face and body until they thought he was dead. They then left him lying in the street and went home. Kovacs was found by a passer-by and taken to his home. A warrant was issued for the arrest of the assailants yesterday morning, and the former was soon placed in custody.

CHARGES.

Herbert C. Ayer, an insane man who was arrested on Saturday night by Officer Bonfield, was examined yesterday morning by Dr. Hurd, and was found to be insane. He was committed to the Insane Asylum.

Mr. Hurd, attorney for Henry Bennett & Co., the two merchants charged Saturday with fraud in connection with the failure of Charles Fish & Co., appeared in the Criminal Court yesterday morning and asked that the case be continued for a week, as he was unable to be present. The request was granted

NORTHWEST NEWS.

Body Found Near Aurora Identified as That of Miss Ella Gillett.

Annual Volume Shows Increase in Population and Wealth.

Two Prominent Citizens Lured to Chicago and Murdered in Farmer's Tenant Worker's Confession.

ILLINOIS.

IOWA.

MINNESOTA.

MICHIGAN.

WISCONSIN.

KANSAS.

MISSOURI.

CRIME AND STUPIDITY.

FLOTSAM AND JETSAM.

While Sailing into Sheboygan the Schooner Ogdin Struck a Wreck and Sank.

The Schooner Ogdingo Towed into Port in a Waterlogged Condition—Other Wrecks.

Port of Chicago.

Gen. T. A. Osborn.

Opening to Loading.

Gathered at the Fires.

Dangerous Gas Found.

Wrecks of Vessels.

Through Vessel Rates.

The Season Closed.

Ogle for Shipmasters.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Down Town.

West Side.

South Side.

North Side.

Suburban.

CITY REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Down Town.

West Side.

South Side.

North Side.

Suburban.

CITY REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

CITY REAL ESTATE TO RENT.

Down Town.

West Side.

South Side.

North Side.

Suburban.

OFFICES & OFFICE FURNITURE.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

STORAGE.

PIANOS.

BICYCLES AND SPORTING.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

LOANS AND BROKERS.

FINANCIAL.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

PARTNERS.

AGENTS WANTED.

BUSINESS PROPERTY.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Solicitors and Canvassers.

Salesmen.

Agents.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Housework.

Dressmaking.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

TO EXCHANGE.

LOST AND FOUND.

DENTISTRY.

MEDICAL.

LEGAL.

EXCURSIONS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

TO RENT.

CARPET CLEANING.

BUSINESS.

The Phenomenal Failure of Stocks —The New York Bank Surplus Growing.

FINANCIAL.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

St. Jacobs Oil THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR PAIN.

H. J. McELHENY'S SPECIFICS.

Tamar Indien Grillon CONSTIPATION GRILLON.

Mobile, Ala.